

6.9 Laplace transforms of the given model equations:

$$sX_1(s) = -k_1 X_1(s) + U(s)$$

$$sX_2(s) = k_1 X_1(s) - k_2 X_2(s), \quad y(s) = X_2(s)$$

Easily rearranges to give

$$y(s) = \frac{k_1}{(s+k_1)(s+k_2)} U(s) \quad (6.18)$$

(a) Given $k_1 = 5.63$, $k_2 = 12.62$, and $u(t)$ as in Fig P6.1, we have

$$y(s) = \frac{5.63}{(s+5.63)(s+12.62)} \left[\frac{10(1-e^{-5s})}{s} \right] \quad (6.19)$$

By partial fraction expansion, this becomes:

$$y(s) = \left[\frac{0.7923}{s} + \frac{0.638}{(s+12.62)} - \frac{1.4306}{(s+5.63)} \right] (1-e^{-5s})$$

with the following inverse Laplace transform:

$$y(t) = \begin{cases} 0.7923 + 0.638e^{-12.62t} - 1.4306e^{-5.63t}, & 0 < t < 5 \\ 0.638(e^{-12.62t} - e^{-12.62(t-5)}) - 1.4306(e^{-5.63t} - e^{-5.63(t-5)}), & t \geq 5 \end{cases}$$

Max occurs at $t=5$, and $y(5) = 0.7923$

(b) with $u(t) = 10e^{-k_2 t}$; $t \geq 0$, we have

$$u(s) = \frac{10}{(s+k_2)}$$

and the required response is obtained from

$$\begin{aligned} y(s) &= \frac{10k_1}{(s+k_1)(s+k_2)^2} = \frac{56.3}{(s+5.63)(s+12.62)^2} \\ &= \frac{A}{(s+5.63)} + \frac{B}{(s+12.62)} + \frac{C}{(s+12.62)^2} \end{aligned}$$

Obtain $A = 1.152$; $B = -1.152$; $C = -8.054$

and therefore

$$y(t) = 1.152e^{-5.63t} - 1.152e^{-12.62t} - 8.054te^{-12.62t}$$

(c) with the given $u(t)$, we have

$$u(s) = \frac{20}{s^2+4}$$

and now

$$y(s) = \frac{112.6}{(s+5.63)(s+12.62)} \cdot \frac{1}{(s^2+4)}$$

$$= \frac{A}{(s+5.63)} + \frac{B}{(s+12.62)} + \frac{Cs+D}{s^2+4}$$

Obtain $A = 0.4512$; $B = -0.0986$; $C = -0.3519$;
 $D = 1.2974$

Answers:

Problem 2: The Curious Case of the Bode Diagram

1. Define y as the value returned by Matlab and AR as defined in class. The relationship between the two is $y = 20\log_{10}(AR)$. Command `doc bode` has the answer.
2. Command `doc bodeoptions` has the answer. Generate Bode plot with absolute values of AR using `h=bodeplot(sys)` and `setoptions(h, 'MagUnits', 'abs')`.

3.- See attached

```
clc
clear all
close all hidden

% define another system
num = [1];
den = [1 1];
sys = tf(num,den)

% get bode diagram
figure(1)
w=[1e-1 1e0 1e1]
[mag,phase]=bode(sys,w);
h=bodeplot(sys)
grid on

print -dpdf bodedefault.pdf

% get bode diagram
figure(2)
w=[1e-1 1e0 1e1]
[mag,phase]=bode(sys,w);
h=bodeplot(sys)
setoptions(h,'MagUnits','abs')
grid on

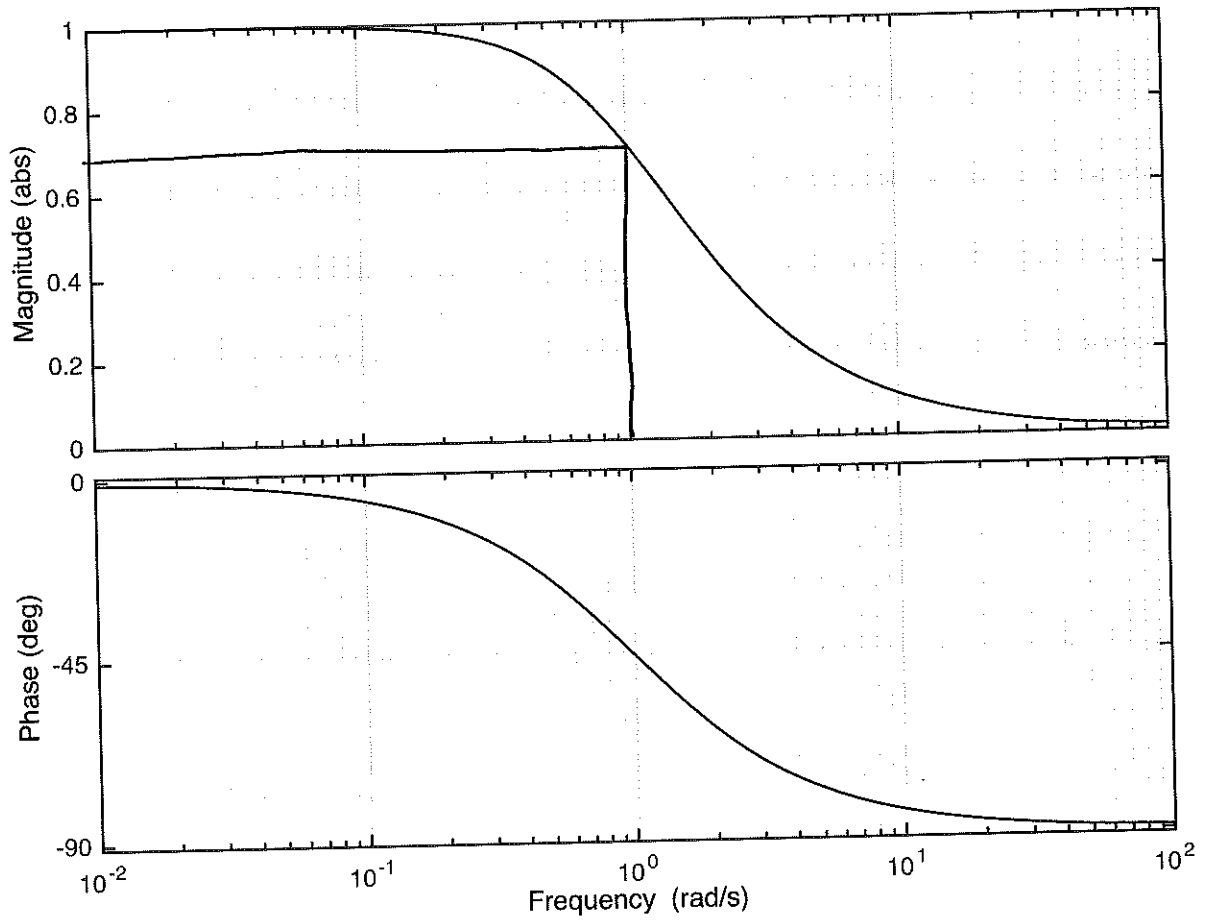
print -dpdf bodeabs.pdf
```

$$AR = \frac{k}{\sqrt{(\zeta\omega)^2 + 1}}$$

@ $\zeta = 1$
 $\omega = 1$

$$AR = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow AR = 0.7071$$

Bode Diagram



$$y = 20 \log_{10}(0.7071) = -3.1$$

